**WORDS OF WISDOM** 

Clarity, Purity and Stability, the three elements of creation stage practice

The practice of the generation stage consist of the cultivation of three elements. These are

clarity, stability and purity.

Clarity means the clarity of the image, the visualized image, which is the technique of the

generation stage. This element consist of simply of visualizing the deity as clearly as you can.

How easy this is, is different for everyone. In a very relaxed way with a mind that is not

particularly tense you visualize the form of the deity. In practicing visualization you are not

using the eye consciousness, you are using the mental consciousness and the mental

consciousness is conceptual. Unlike the eye consciousness which experiences the individual

characteristics of forms the mental consciousness generates an abstraction or a

generalization; therefore, the visualization will tend to remain something vague and general

The second element of creation-stage practice is *purity*, or the recollection of purity. This is

often explained as the enumeration in your mind of the symbolic significance of each aspect

of the deity's appearance, i.e. what each aspect of the appearance represents. But ... if you

do this, it may become too conceptual and can actually disturb your mind and harm the

meditation. What is recommended, practically, to implement the recollection of purity is to

keep in mind that this appearance of the deity is a vivid or clear appearance without any

existence, that it is the unity of clarity and emptiness, like the appearance of a rainbow in its

vividness and insubstantiality.

The third element in the practice of the creation stage is **stability**, which means the stable

pride of being the deity. In this practice you identify with the deity, actually thinking, "I am

this deity." This is very important, as it is the aspect of the creation stage that actually

serves as a remedy for our ordinary fixation on a self.

Excerpt from: Creation and Completion, Essential Points of Tantric Meditation

**Meditation and post-meditation** 

First of all, what do we mean by meditation and post-meditation? When faults such as

heaviness and wildness of mind have been cleared away and the mind rests within

meditation, this resting within recognition of mind as it is—that is what is meant by

meditation. When one has "risen from that," which does not mean getting up from one's

cushion but rather that one's mind has shifted, and then after one's mindfulness of

fundamental nature is restored—that is what is referred to as post-meditation or

subsequent attainment, indicating one has recovered what one had before.

Excerpt from: Looking Directly at Mind: The Moonlight of Mahamudra

The Mind is the seed of everything

Saraha...said that mind is the seed of everything. While we reside in our confused state in

samsara, everything we experience comes from the mind, and when we achieve

Buddhahood, all the enlightened qualities and wisdoms also come from mind. Therefore

when we use our mind properly, we can obtain both the happiness of samsara and the

happiness of nirvana. In this way, the mind is like a wish-fulfilling jewel.

Excerpt from: Transcending Ego: Distinguishing Consciousness from Wisdom, A Treatise of

the Third Karmapa

Shamatha meditation

Our mind is utterly insubstantial and yet, at the same time, has the ability to know, to

experience, and so on. Fundamentally, Shamatha meditation consists of allowing this mind

that is insubstantial and yet can know or experience to relax naturally.

Citaat uit Watermoons – <a href="http://www.blurb.com/books/833452-watermoons">http://www.blurb.com/books/833452-watermoons</a>

**Devotion** 

Devotion is the same as confidence, if you have one hundred percent confidence in

Mahamudra, you will have one hundred percent diligence. If you have fifty percent

confidence, you will have fifty percent diligence. Here, we are talking about Mahamudra, but

this function of devotion is actually common to all endeavors, whether spiritual or mundane.

The more confidence you have in something, the more you will put into it and the more you

will get out of it.

Citaat uit: The Life of Tilopa & the Ganges Mahamudra

**Transcending fear and anxiety** 

We all have fears and anxieties. And these fears and anxieties really stem from the fact that

samsaric or cyclic existence is fundamentally full of impermanence, and therefore full of

suffering. If you ask, is there no way to transcend these fears and anxieties, the answer is,

"Yes, there is a way. If you practice dharma, and if, by so doing you connect with the

blessings, the compassion, and the aspirations of buddhas such as the Medicine Buddha,

fear and anxiety can be transcended..."

Excerpt from: Medicine Buddha Teachings (Snow Lion Publications)

**Anger - the fundamental nature of emotions** 

Anger's nature is not rendered empty by looking; it was already empty and always will

be. As anger is empty in essence, it cannot be changed or transformed in any way

whatsoever. As anger, or any other thought or emotion has no concrete nature, by looking

into it and recognizing it, it naturally subsides. Only ignorance, the failure to know this fact,

can sustain it.

Excerpt from: Crystal Clear (Rangjung Yeshe Publications)

Thoughts are just displays of the mind

Thoughts are just displays of the mind. They may be waves stirring up the all-ground

consciousness, but this is not a fault. If you just rest loosely in them, they will disappear

right there. This is why when we meditate we should let the thoughts that occur in the sixth

mental consciousness relax into the all-ground consciousness.

Excerpt from: Vivid Awareness (Shambhala Publications, Inc.)

The goodness of a gift

If we give something away, it not only benefits the person who received our gift but will also

benefit us because the results of generosity will bring us very close to

buddhahood. Whereas if we keep things for ourselves out of attachment, it will likely be

the cause of pride, jealousy, hatred, all sorts of negative feelings... "If we give things away,"

the Buddha said, "then you really possess them because the goodness of the gift becomes

inexhaustible; whereas if you keep it, the goodness of the object becomes small and is

quickly exhausted."

Excerpt from: Jewel Ornament of Liberation (Zhyisil Chokyi Publications)